

Urgent Appeal for Food Relief for 1,000 Monsoon Affected Families of Pakistan

Title Project: Provision of Food & Non-Food Items to 1000 IDPs of Monsoon Affected families of Pakistan

Target Families: 1,000 IDPs families

Direct Beneficiaries: 6,000 households
(each family consists 6 to 8 members)

Indirect Beneficiaries 21000 (others families of the local areas)

Project Duration: 1 month (September – October 2012)

ASSESSMENT:

Heavy torrential rains in the past few days have triggered flash floods in various parts of Pakistan, resulting into heavy loss of living spaces and wide spread displacement. People, who were already in the lap of poverty and shortage of water, had made their lands barren.



According to the National Disaster Management Authority **12 September update**, the floods have caused 139 deaths, caused injuries to 182 people and partially or fully damaged 8,880 houses and shops. Further, the rains

have damaged infrastructure and washed away tens of thousands of acres of standing crops, 160 head of livestock and over 2,000 poultry. While Punjab, Sindh and Baluchistan have been hit the hardest, deaths and damages have occurred in Balochistan, Gilgit-Baltistan, Islamabad Capital Territory, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Pakistan-Administered Kashmir, Punjab and Sindh.

Monsoon Impact

Sindh: The media have reported more than 100 deaths. Reports indicate 32,000 families have been affected. The floods have caused displacements and extensive damages to houses, crops and infrastructure, especially in Jacobabad and Shikarpur districts. The situation in Jacobabad continues to deteriorate, with breaches reported in drainage and irrigation channels. Floodwaters have breached the Sim canal and about 8 feet of water is flowing towards Jacobabad City, raising fears of further destruction and displacements.

Sindh



Balochistan: Five of at least 13 affected districts have been declared as emergency-hit: Jaffarabad, Naseerabad, Killa-Saifullah, Jhal Magsi and Loralai. The districts are inundated with 3 to 4 feet of stagnant water. The PDMA indicates the floods have caused 14 deaths, injuries to 12 people, affected 7,361 people, 3,357 acres of crops, completely damaged 1,227 houses, partially damaged 1,664 houses, destroyed 1,644 dykes, washed away 300 acres of standing crops and destroyed 47 water supply schemes and 460.3 kilometres of roads. There is little official information available on damages in Jaffarabad and Naseerabad.

Punjab: Dera Ghazi Khan and Rajanpur districts are the most affected, with the former declared as emergency-hit. A local NGO has reported that over 200,000 people have been affected by the floods in Rajanpur District while media reports indicate that up to 700,000 people have been displaced in Dera Ghazi Khan. The NDMA has reported 148,549 people and 195,180 acres of crops affected.



Source: SAMA-CNB

Food: The impact of the floods on the most marginalized and vulnerable sections of the society have primarily been the disruption of gainful employment and loss of food commodities due to the inundation. While the prices of the available food commodities in the flood affected areas is out of the purchasing power of the poor people.

Food, which the flood affected families had stored for their rainy days was perished or washed away with the flood water. These poor communities wouldn't be able to purchase food from the market particularly while prices have increased very high due to emergency situation. There is a high risk of acute malnutrition especially among the children if these communities are not able to cope with the current situation which seems impossible without a help from international communities and other humanitarian organizations. If this help is provided on time, consequently thousands of people have to face hunger and deprivation.

Neighboring host communities near to the camps, partially helping the victims, in terms of cooked food but that is not enough to feed all. It was

observed during the visit of assessment that efforts for providing food are still awaited and needed at large. It is now moral and social responsibility of international communities and all humanitarian organizations to show their kindness and sympathy by extending all possible help to them.

Non-Food Supplies: The population visited requested to provide them with mosquito nets and jerry cans for the immediate future needs as the weather is very humid and hot. As this is malaria season, the incidence is rising and mosquito nets could prevent high morbidity and mortality due to malaria as well as help to mitigate the future situation at camps in the local areas.

Many of the clay pots were destroyed in the floods and the plastic containers are possibly unhygienic. The displaced people have lost their all household essentials with regard to their daily life. Household essentials such as: Plastic mats, kitchen utensils are dire need of the displaced communities.

Shelter: Government authorities provided some shelter so far to the flood affectees, The Monsoon affected population is still in need of shelter and other necessities of life. Hundreds of families are still in need of basic necessities such as tents and Plastic Mats.

Drinking Water: Although drinking water is available in some relief camps but of very poor quality (contaminated), this is major cause of spreading different diseases such as skin and stomach especially among the children. As people have lost their water collecting/storage articles there is a dire need of water collecting/storage articles such as jerry cans and water purification tablets etc and large quantity of water purification tablets.

Health & Hygiene: Epidemics may potentially emerge in camps such as cholera, gastroenteritis (diarrhea), skin diseases or malaria. Already some cases of gastroenteritis and skin diseases have been reported in the relief camps and people living in the open air. People primarily defecate outside of the homes (not using latrines), which also causes danger of certain diseases as it can be mixed with water of irrigation channels/water supply lines which are main sources of drinking water.

As far as health care is concerned, there is no any health facility available for the displaced families. The nearest government hospitals are lacking medicines and staff. Patients are complaining of various diseases. In some relief camps it has been seen that the pregnant are in dire need of medical assistance. There is no report of major trauma victims. During the assessment, health care was expressed as a priority problem to be

addressed. The displaced people have lost their all essentials items with regard to maintain their hygiene, Health and Hygiene kits are identified as a primary need for the IDPs.

Description of Immediate Needs

Keeping in view of the situations of the IDPs, immediate assistance in terms of food, shelter, safe drinking water, hygiene kits, and life saving drugs with medical services are required. The description of immediate needs is as follow:

Food for 1,000 for one month (for 6,000 households)

Hygiene Kits for 1,000 households

Kitchen Utensils for 1,000 families

Life Saving Drugs and Medical Services for 1,000 families

The immediate Relief assistance will help the IDPs to cope with the situation and overcome their difficulties. This help will support and strengthen them to carry on with their lives till they return back to their homes.

Worldview Mission – Pakistan with implementing partner JAGGARTA Social Welfare Organization has started their response and is continuing to carry out assessment of needs. WM- Pakistan and JAGGARTA has planned to assist the most vulnerable IDPs of the target areas who have not received any aid or relief and are still waiting for help from outer world. WM- Pakistan and JAGGARTA wishes to help the large number of IDPs but due to lack of funding it is difficult. WM- Pakistan and JAGGARTA appeals to International Communities, All Humanitarian Organizations and kind hearted individuals to come forward and extend their helping hand to help these IDPs, so they may have chance to live a decent life once again, which we all are enjoying in abundance all-readily.

Worldview Mission Appeals to International Communities, all humanitarian organizations and kind hearted individuals to come forward and help the marginalized communities of Pakistan.

Contents of Relief Packages Per Family:

A: Content of food relief package per family

S #	Description	Qty
1	Wheat flour	50 kg
2	Rice, Irri 9	20 kg
3	Lentils (dhal masoor),	10 kg
4	Sugar	5 kg
5	Salt	1 kg
6	Milk powder	5 kg
7	Tea	1 kg
8	Cooking oil	5 L
9	Water purification tabs, packages containing 20 tabs	7 packs
10	matches packs containing 10 boxes per family	2 Packs
11	Candles, packs of 10	1 Pack
12	Kerosene lamp	1

B: Content of Kitchen Utensils Kit per family

S #	Description	Qty
1	Cooking Pot Aluminum	1
2	Cooking Spoon (Wooden)	1
3	Tawa Stainless steel	1
4	Glass Stainless steel	3
5	plates	6
6	Plastic Jar Set	1
7	Takhti Belan	1
8	Thalh	1
9	Kettle	1
10	Tea Mugs (Piyala)	6
11	Knife	1
12	Pindi (Chabi) for Bread	3

C: Content of Hygiene Kit per family

S #	Description	Qty
1	12 x Body soap 115 gms each	12
2	3 x Comb (one each big, medium, small)	3
3	6 x Towels cotton (Two each big, medium, small)	6
4	6 x Washing soap	6
5	1 x Cotton wool Roll 400 gms pack	1
6	1 x Dettol 250ml	1
7	1 x Lota (plastic)	1
8	2 x Nail Cutter	2
9	1 x Scissor	1
10	1x Dentonic powder	1
11	6 x Tooth Brush (Two each big, medium, small)	6
12	Plastic Bucket	1
13	Plastic Dust Bins	2

D: Life Saving Drugs

Cap: Transamin(500mg)	Scaben Cream	Tab: Bascopan
Cap: Vibramycin	Skylax Laxative Drp	Tab: Brufen 400mg
Cap: Velosef (250mg)	Somojel Cream	Tab: Folic Acid
Dermovit-N(Skin Ointment)	Syp: Actidil	Tab: Incidal
Drip I/V 5% D/W 1000 Cc	Syp: Amoxil 250mg	Tab: Panadol
Genticine(Eye/Ear Drop)	Syp: Panadol	Tab: Ponistan
Inj: Cytocin	Syp: Syncos	Tab: Ventolin(2mg)
Lidosporen(Ear Drop)	Syp: Brufen	Tab: Xanax(0.5mg)
N/Saline 1000 Cc	Syp: Citralka	Tab: Basoquine
Nilstat Oral Drops	Syp: Creamafin	Tab: Inderal (10mg)
ORS	Syp: Flagyl	Tab: Zentec(150mg)
Otosporen(Ear Drop)	Syp: Ventolin	
Polyfax(Eye Ointment)	Tab: Augmentin	
Polyfax(Skin Ointment)	Tab: Avil	

Note: in US \$ 50 needs for one family for 30 days ration

BUDGET BREAKDOWN:

S. No	Activity	Unit cots	No. of Units	Total
1.	Food, hygiene kit, life saving drugs & kitchen items	50	1000	150,000
2.	Mobile clinic set up & Suzuki carry procurement US \$ 6,600+3400 for medical equipments (one for each district)	10000	2	20000
3.	Project Manager for 1 months	300	1	300
4.	2 - Social Mobilizer & 1-Procurment officer	500	1	500
5.	Vehicle hire & fuel for 30 days	50	1	2,000
6.	Office administration, communication & staff travel	1,000	1	2,000
Total Budget for 1,000 families support				174800/-

Contact:

Mr. Ameer Hyder
Programs Manager – JAGGARTA - Pakistan

Contact: +92-334-3553908

Address: H# 1440/29, Karimabad, Mirpurkhas Sindh, Pakistan

Email: jaggarta@yahoo.com, info@jaggarta.org

URL: www.jaggarta.org